Year 1: UK and London Term: Spring 2 Prime question: How is the City of London different to New Addington? Subsidiary questions: 1. What makes London a city? 2. Why is New Addington not a city? 3. What are the similarities and differences between London and New Addington? 4. How many countries are there in the United Kingdom? What are their capital cities? Science: animals (including humans) •Identify and name a variety of common animals that are birds, fish, amphibians,
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•Identify and name a variety of common animals that are birds, fish, amphibians,
reptiles and mammals
•Identify and name a variety of common animals that are carnivores, herbivores
and omnivores.
•Describe and compare the structure of a variety of common animals (birds, fish,
amphibians, reptiles and mammals, and including pets).
•Identify, name draw and label the basic parts of the human body and say which
parts of the body is associated with each sense.
Geography
Name and locate the 4 countries in the UK.
• Find and name their capital cities.
Find and talk about landmarks in London.
Compare London to New Addington.
Begin to understand and follow compass directions
Use areal maps and photos to identify landmarks in London.
History (No history topic this holf torm)
(No history topic this half term) Art
• To use drawing to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination
(observational drawings of animals from photos).
DT
 Build structures, exploring how they can be made stronger, stiffer and more
stable (design and make models of London landmarks – put together to make a
City of London display as a 3D map).
Music
• Listen with concentration and understanding to a range of high-quality recorded
music (listen to the Vivaldi's Four Seasons – talk about how the seasons sound
different. Talk about what instruments could have been used. Discuss your
favourite bits and why you like them).
Computing
We are collectors
• Use technology purposefully to create, organise, store, manipulate and retrieve
digital content.
• Understand what algorithms are; how they are implemented as programs on
digital devices; and that programs execute by following precise and unambiguous
instructions.
 Recognise common uses of information technology beyond school.

• Use technology safely and respectfully, keeping personal information private; identify where to go for help and support when they have concerns about content and contact on the internet or other online technologies.